Goodwood Park Health Limited - Goodwood Seadrome Ltd

Introduction

This report records the results of a Surveillance Audit of a provider of aged residential care services against the Ngā paerewa Health and disability services standard (NZS8134:2021).

The audit has been conducted by BSI Group New Zealand Ltd, an auditing agency designated under section 32 of the Health and Disability Services (Safety) Act 2001, for submission to Manatū Hauora (the Ministry of Health).

The abbreviations used in this report are the same as those specified in section 0.4 of the Ngā paerewa Health and disability services standard (NZS8134:2021).

You can view a full copy of the standard on the Manatū Hauora website by clicking here.

The specifics of this audit included:

Legal entity: Goodwood Park Health Limited

Premises audited: Goodwood Seadrome Ltd

Services audited: Hospital services - Medical services; Hospital services - Geriatric services (excl. psychogeriatric);

Date of Audit: 17 September 2024

Dementia care

Dates of audit: Start date: 17 September 2024 End date: 18 September 2024

Proposed changes to current services (if any): None

Total beds occupied across all premises included in the audit on the first day of the audit: 42

Executive summary of the audit

Introduction

This section contains a summary of the auditors' findings for this audit. The information is grouped into the six sections contained within the Ngā paerewa Health and disability services standard:

- ō tātou motika | our rights
- hunga mahi me te hanganga | workforce and structure
- ngā huarahi ki te oranga | pathways to wellbeing
- te aro ki te tangata me te taiao haumaru | person-centred and safe environment
- te kaupare pokenga me te kaitiakitanga patu huakita | infection prevention and antimicrobial stewardship
- here taratahi restraint and seclusion.

As well as auditors' written summary, indicators are included that highlight the provider's attainment against the subsection in each of the sections. The following table provides a key to how the indicators are arrived at.

Key to the indicators

Indicator	Description	Definition
	Includes commendable elements above the required levels of performance	All subsections applicable to this service fully attained with some subsections exceeded
	No short falls	Subsections applicable to this service fully attained
	Some minor shortfalls but no major deficiencies and required levels of performance seem achievable without extensive extra activity	Some subsections applicable to this service partially attained and of low risk

Indicator	Description	Definition
	A number of shortfalls that require specific action to address	Some subsections applicable to this service partially attained and of medium or high risk and/or unattained and of low risk
	Major shortfalls, significant action is needed to achieve the required levels of performance	Some subsections applicable to this service unattained and of moderate or high risk

General overview of the audit

Goodwood Seadrome is owned and operated by Goodwood Park Health Limited and cares for up to 45 residents requiring hospital (medical and geriatric), and dementia level of care. On the day of the audit there were 42 residents.

This surveillance audit was conducted against the Ngā Paerewa Health and Disability Services Standard 2021 and the contracts with Health New Zealand Te Whatu Ora. The audit process included the review of policies and procedures, the review of residents and staff files, observations, and interviews with residents, family, management, and staff. The nurse practitioner was unavailable for interview at the time of audit.

The general manager (registered nurse) is appropriately qualified and experienced in healthcare management. The general manager is supported by a quality manager who has been at the facility for over six years.

There are quality systems and processes being implemented. Feedback from residents and families was positive about the care and the services provided. An induction and in-service training programme are in place to provide staff with appropriate knowledge and skills to deliver care.

The service has addressed all of the previous four shortfalls in relation to essential notifications, registered nurse staffing, approval of the evacuation scheme, and obtaining of first aid certificates.

Date of Audit: 17 September 2024

This surveillance audit identified no shortfalls.

Ō tātou motika | Our rights

Includes 10 subsections that support an outcome where people receive safe services of an appropriate standard that comply with consumer rights legislation. Services are provided in a manner that is respectful of people's rights, facilitates informed choice, minimises harm, and upholds cultural and individual values and beliefs.



Goodwood Seadrome provides an environment that supports resident rights and safe care. Staff demonstrated an understanding of residents' rights and obligations. There is a Māori health plan and a Pacific health plan in place. The service aims to provide high-quality and effective services and care for residents.

Residents receive services in a manner that considers their dignity, privacy, and independence. The rights of the resident and/or their family/whānau to make a complaint is understood, respected, and upheld by the service. Complaints processes are implemented, and complaints and concerns are actively managed and well-documented.

Hunga mahi me te hanganga | Workforce and structure

Includes five subsections that support an outcome where people receive quality services through effective governance and a supported workforce.



The business plan includes a mission statement and operational objectives. The service has effective quality and risk management systems in place that takes a risk-based approach, and these systems meet the needs of residents and their staff. Quality data is analysed to identify and manage trends. Quality improvement projects are implemented. Internal audits, meetings, and collation of data were documented as taking place, with corrective actions as indicated. The service complies with statutory and regulatory reporting obligations.

A health and safety system is in place. Health and safety processes are embedded in practice. Health and safety policies are implemented and monitored by the health and safety committee. Staff incidents, hazards and risk information is collated by the general manager and shared with the Directors each month.

There is a staffing and rostering policy documented. Human resources are managed in accordance with good employment practice. A role specific orientation programme and regular staff education and training are in place. Staff are suitably skilled and experienced. Competencies are defined and monitored, and staff performance is reviewed.

Ngā huarahi ki te oranga | Pathways to wellbeing

Includes eight subsections that support an outcome where people participate in the development of their pathway to wellbeing, and receive timely assessment, followed by services that are planned, coordinated, and delivered in a manner that is tailored to their needs.



The registered nurses assess, plan and review residents' needs, outcomes, and goals with the resident and/or family/whānau input. Care plans demonstrate service integration. Resident files included medical notes by the contracted nurse practitioner and visiting allied health professionals.

Medication policies reflect legislative requirements and guidelines. All staff responsible for administration of medication complete education and medication competencies. The electronic medicine charts reviewed met prescribing requirements and were reviewed at least three-monthly by the nurse practitioner.

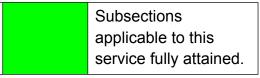
Date of Audit: 17 September 2024

The kitchen staff cater to individual cultural and dietary requirements. The service has a current food control plan.

All residents' transfers and referrals are coordinated with residents and families/whānau.

Te aro ki te tangata me te taiao haumaru | Person-centred and safe environment

Includes two subsections that support an outcome where Health and disability services are provided in a safe environment appropriate to the age and needs of the people receiving services that facilitates independence and meets the needs of people with disabilities.



The building holds a current building warrant of fitness. Electrical equipment has been tested and tagged. All medical equipment has been serviced and calibrated.

Te kaupare pokenga me te kaitiakitanga patu huakita | Infection prevention and antimicrobial stewardship

Includes five subsections that support an outcome where Health and disability service providers' infection prevention (IP) and antimicrobial stewardship (AMS) strategies define a clear vision and purpose, with quality of care, welfare, and safety at the centre. The IP and AMS programmes are up to date and informed by evidence and are an expression of a strategy that seeks to maximise quality of care and minimise infection risk and adverse effects from antibiotic use, such as antimicrobial resistance.

Subsections applicable to this service fully attained.

The infection prevention and control programme is implemented and provides information and resources to inform the service providers. Education is provided to staff at induction to the service and is included in the education planner.

The type of surveillance undertaken is appropriate to the size and complexity of the organisation. Results of surveillance are collected and analysed for trends and the information used to identify opportunities for improvements. Staff are informed about infection control practices through meetings, and education sessions. There have been no outbreaks since the previous audit.

Here taratahi | Restraint and seclusion

Includes four subsections that support outcomes where Services shall aim for a restraint and seclusion free environment, in which people's dignity and mana are maintained.



The restraint coordinator role is held by the charge nurse from the hospital wing. The facility had residents using restraints at the time of audit. Minimisation of restraint use is included as part of the education and training plan. The service considers least restrictive practices, implementing de-escalation techniques and alternative interventions, and only uses an approved restraint as the last resort.

Summary of attainment

The following table summarises the number of subsections and criteria audited and the ratings they were awarded.

Attainment Rating	Continuous Improvement (CI)	Fully Attained (FA)	Partially Attained Negligible Risk (PA Negligible)	Partially Attained Low Risk (PA Low)	Partially Attained Moderate Risk (PA Moderate)	Partially Attained High Risk (PA High)	Partially Attained Critical Risk (PA Critical)
Subsection	0	19	0	0	0	0	0
Criteria	0	51	0	0	0	0	0

Attainment Rating	Unattained Negligible Risk (UA Negligible)	Unattained Low Risk (UA Low)	Unattained Moderate Risk (UA Moderate)	Unattained High Risk (UA High)	Unattained Critical Risk (UA Critical)
Subsection	0	0	0	0	0
Criteria	0	0	0	0	0

Attainment against the Ngā paerewa Health and disability services standard

The following table contains the results of all the subsections assessed by the auditors at this audit. Depending on the services they provide, not all subsections are relevant to all providers and not all subsections are assessed at every audit.

For more information on the standard, please click <u>here</u>.

For more information on the different types of audits and what they cover please click here.

Subsection with desired outcome	Attainment Rating	Audit Evidence
Subsection 1.1: Pae ora healthy futures Te Tiriti: Māori flourish and thrive in an environment that enables good health and wellbeing. As service providers: We work collaboratively to embrace, support, and encourage a Māori worldview of health and provide high-quality, equitable, and effective services for Māori framed by Te Tiriti o Waitangi.	FA	A Māori health plan is in place which acknowledges Te Tiriti o Waitangi as a founding document for New Zealand. The service currently has residents who identify as Māori. The service is committed to respecting the self-determination, cultural values, and beliefs of Māori residents and whānau and evidence is documented in the resident care plan and evidenced in practice. Goodwood Seadrome has a relationship with the local marae and links are established with the other kaumatua via Goodwood Seadrome Māori staff and residents for activities such as blessing of the rooms. Comprehensive cultural assessments are completed for residents who identify as Māori. Interviews with eight staff (three healthcare assistants [HCA], two registered nurses [RNs], one cleaner, one kitchen assistant, and one chef), two managers (general manager, quality manager) demonstrated a knowledge of implementing the principles of Te Tiriti O Waitangi to all aspects of the service.
Subsection 1.2: Ola manuia of Pacific peoples in Aotearoa The people: Pacific peoples in Aotearoa are entitled to live and enjoy good health and wellbeing.	FA	The Pacific Health and Wellbeing Plan 2020-2025 is the basis of the Pacific health plan that is in place and being implemented. The aim is to uphold the principles of Pacific people by acknowledging respectful relationships,

Te Tiriti: Pacific peoples acknowledge the mana whenua of Aotearoa as tuakana and commit to supporting them to achieve tino rangatiratanga. As service providers: We provide comprehensive and equitable health and disability services underpinned by Pacific worldviews and developed in collaboration with Pacific peoples for improved health outcomes.		valuing families, and providing high quality healthcare. There were residents and staff identifying as Pasifika at the time of the audit. The Pacific staff confirmed that the residents' whānau are encouraged to be involved in all aspects of care particularly in nursing and medical decisions. The residents cited satisfaction with the service and recognition of cultural needs. Goodwood Seadrome partners with Pasifika employees to ensure connectivity within the region to increase knowledge, awareness and understanding of the needs of Pacific people.
Subsection 1.3: My rights during service delivery The People: My rights have meaningful effect through the actions and behaviours of others. Te Tiriti:Service providers recognise Māori mana motuhake (self-determination). As service providers: We provide services and support to people in a way that upholds their rights and complies with legal requirements.	FA	Details relating to the Health and Disability Code of Consumer Rights (the Code) are included in the information that is provided to new residents and their family/whānau. The general manager, charge nurses, or registered nurses discuss aspects of the Code with residents and their family/whānau on admission. The Code is displayed in multiple locations in English and te reo Māori. Residents (three hospital),and family/whānau (two hospital, one dementia) interviewed reported that the service is upholding the residents' rights. Interactions observed between staff and residents during the audit were respectful.
Subsection 1.5: I am protected from abuse The People: I feel safe and protected from abuse. Te Tiriti: Service providers provide culturally and clinically safe services for Māori, so they feel safe and are protected from abuse. As service providers: We ensure the people using our services are safe and protected from abuse.	FA	Goodwood Seadrome policies aim to prevent any form of institutional racism, discrimination, coercion, harassment, or any other exploitation. Goodwood Seadrome as an organisation is inclusive of ethnicities, and cultural days are held to celebrate diversity. A staff code of conduct is discussed during the new employee's induction to the service with evidence of staff signing the code of conduct policy. This code of conduct policy addresses the elimination of discrimination, harassment, and bullying. The Goodwood Seadrome Māori Health policy includes strategies to abolishing institutional racism.
		Staff complete education on orientation and annually as per the training plan on how to identify abuse and neglect. Staff are educated on how to value the older person showing them respect and dignity. All residents and

		family/whānau interviewed confirmed that the staff are very caring, supportive, and respectful. Police checks are completed as part of the employment process. The service implements a process to manage residents' comfort funds. Professional boundaries are defined in job descriptions. Interviews with registered nurses and healthcare assistants confirmed their understanding of professional boundaries, including the boundaries of their role and responsibilities. Professional boundaries are covered as part of orientation.
Subsection 1.7: I am informed and able to make choices The people: I know I will be asked for my views. My choices will be respected when making decisions about my wellbeing. If my choices cannot be upheld, I will be provided with information that supports me to understand why. Te Tiriti: High-quality services are provided that are easy to access and navigate. Providers give clear and relevant messages so that individuals and whānau can effectively manage their own health, keep well, and live well. As service providers: We provide people using our services or their legal representatives with the information necessary to make informed decisions in accordance with their rights and their ability to exercise independence, choice, and control.	FA	The resident files reviewed included signed general informed consent forms. Consent forms for vaccinations were also on file where appropriate. Residents and family/whanau interviewed could describe what informed consent was and their rights around choice. Admission agreements had been signed and sighted for all the files seen. Copies of enduring power of attorneys (EPOAs) were on resident files where applicable. EPOA activation letters were on file where appropriate, including all dementia level clients.
Subsection 1.8: I have the right to complain The people: I feel it is easy to make a complaint. When I complain I am taken seriously and receive a timely response.	FA	The complaints management procedure is provided to residents and family/whānau on entry to the service. The general manager maintains a record of all complaints, both verbal and written, by using a complaint register. This register is held electronically.
Te Tiriti: Māori and whānau are at the centre of the health and disability system, as active partners in improving the system and their care and support. As service providers: We have a fair, transparent, and equitable system in place to easily receive and resolve or		There have been two internal complaints in 2023, and one in 2024 after the previous audit in October 2022. There have been no external complaints. Complaints logged include an investigation, follow up, and replies to the satisfaction of the complainant, and align with the timeframes set out by the Health and Disability Commissioner. Staff are informed of complaints (and

any subsequent corrective actions) in the combined quality, health and escalate complaints in a manner that leads to quality improvement. safety, staff, and registered nurses' meetings (minutes sighted). Discussions with residents and family/whānau confirmed they are provided with information on complaints and complaint forms are available at the entrance to the facility, nurses station and on request. Residents have a variety of avenues they can choose from to make a complaint or express a concern. Resident meetings are held six-monthly and create a platform where concerns can be raised. During interviews with family/whānau, they confirmed the general manager is available to listen to concerns and acts promptly on issues raised. Residents/family/whānau making a complaint can involve an independent support person in the process if they choose. Information about support resources for Māori is available to staff to assist Māori in the complaints process. Māori residents are supported to ensure an equitable complaints process. The general manager acknowledged the understanding that for Māori there is a preference for face-to-face communication. Subsection 2.1: Governance FΑ Goodwood Seadrome is located in Massey, Auckland and is owned by Goodwood Park Health Limited, a company registered in compliance with The people: I trust the people governing the service to have legislative, contractual, and regulatory requirements. The company has four the knowledge, integrity, and ability to empower the Directors. Goodwood Seadrome provides care for up to 45 residents at communities they serve. hospital level (medical and geriatric), and dementia level of care. There are Te Tiriti: Honouring Te Tiriti, Māori participate in governance twenty dedicated hospital rooms, and twenty-five beds in the dementia unit. in partnership, experiencing meaningful inclusion on all governance bodies and having substantive input into On day one of the audit, there were 42 residents: 20 hospital level; including organisational operational policies. one under the long-term support- chronic health condition (LTS-CHC) contract, one resident under an ACC contract, and one resident was As service providers: Our governance body is accountable for delivering a highquality service that is responsive. individually funded; 22 dementia level, including three LTS-CHC, and one inclusive, and sensitive to the cultural diversity of funded by ACC. The remaining residents were under the age-related communities we serve. residential care (ARRC) agreement. One of Goodwood Seadrome's key business goals is to provide equal access to aged care services for the local community. They aim to achieve this by providing affordable care and by enhancing physical and mental wellbeing of their residents. The business plan (2023-2024) includes a mission statement and operational objectives with site specific goals related to budgeted occupancy, complaints management, resident satisfaction,

customer engagement and staff satisfaction. The general manager reports on these areas at least monthly to the Directors.

Clinical governance is provided to the Board by the general manager (registered nurse with over extensive experience), and two Directors who are also registered nurses. Cultural advice is sought from Māori staff members, the local community, and from the Goodwood Group national cultural advisor. The quality programme includes quality goals (including business goals) that are reviewed at least monthly with the Directors, as well as being discussed in the monthly staff/quality meetings. Benchmarking is done internally.

The general manager (registered nurse) has been in the role for over five years; however, they have combined this role with that of facility manager, following the departure of the previous facility manager eighteen months ago. The general manager has extensive experience in both aged care and management. They are supported by the quality manager, charge nurses, registered nurses, and a team of experienced staff.

The manager has completed more than eight hours of training related to managing an aged care facility and includes privacy related training, business, infection control, cultural, Te Tiriti O Waitangi and restraint training.

Subsection 2.2: Quality and risk

The people: I trust there are systems in place that keep me safe, are responsive, and are focused on improving my experience and outcomes of care.

Te Tiriti: Service providers allocate appropriate resources to specifically address continuous quality improvement with a focus on achieving Māori health equity.

As service providers: We have effective and organisationwide governance systems in place relating to continuous quality improvement that take a risk-based approach, and these systems meet the needs of people using the services and our health care and support workers.

FΑ

Goodwood Seadrome has an established quality and risk management programme. The quality and risk management systems include performance monitoring through internal audits and through the collection of clinical indicator data. Clinical indicator data (eg, falls, skin tears, infections, episodes of behaviours that challenge) is collected, analysed, and benchmarked internally. Meeting minutes reviewed evidence quality data is shared in the combined quality, health and safety and staff meetings. Internal audits are completed according to the annual schedule. Corrective actions are documented to address service improvements with evidence of progress and sign off when achieved.

Combined staff meetings provide an avenue for discussions in relation to (but not limited to) quality data, health and safety, infection control/pandemic strategies, complaints, compliments, staffing, and education. Meetings have been completed as per schedule and the minutes sighted provide evidence

of corrective actions having been implemented and signed off. Resident/family satisfaction surveys are completed annually, with the most recent in July 2023 showing overall satisfaction with the service, with no corrective actions required. A health and safety system is being implemented with the service having trained health and safety representatives. Hazard identification forms and an up-to-date hazard register were sighted. In the event of a staff accident or incident, a debrief process is documented on the accident/incident form. Health and safety training begins at orientation and continues annually. Ten accident/incident forms reviewed (unwitnessed falls, witnessed falls, and behaviours of concern) indicated that the incident forms are completed in full and are signed off by an RN and the general manager/charge nurses. Incident and accident data is collated monthly and analysed by both the quality manager and general manager. Results are discussed in the combined quality, health and safety, and staff meetings. Discussions with the general manager evidenced their awareness of the requirement to notify relevant authorities in relation to essential notifications. Section 31 notifications related to a change in management, historical registered nurse shortages, and stage 3 or above pressure injuries had been submitted since the previous audit. There have been no outbreaks since last audit. The partial attainment identified at the previous audit related to HDSS:2021 #2.2.6 has been satisfied. Subsection 2.3: Service management FΑ The roster provides appropriate coverage for the effective delivery of care and support. The facility adjusts staffing levels to meet the changing needs The people: Skilled, caring health care and support workers of residents. A review of the rosters evidenced there is a registered nurse on listen to me, provide personalised care, and treat me as a site 24/7. The partial attainment identified at the previous audit related to whole person. HDSS:.2021 #2.3.1 has been satisfied. Staff and residents are informed Te Tiriti: The delivery of high-quality health care that is when there are changes to staffing levels, evidenced in interviews. culturally responsive to the needs and aspirations of Māori Residents interviewed confirmed their care requirements are attended to in a is achieved through the use of health equity and quality timely manner. Interviews with staff confirmed that their workload is improvement tools. manageable. Vacant shifts are covered by available healthcare assistants. As service providers: We ensure our day-to-day operation is or nurses. Out of hours on-call cover is shared on a rotation between the managed to deliver effective person-centred and whanaugeneral manager and charge nurses. The quality manager will perform the centred services. general manager's role in their absence. The general manager and quality

manager are available Monday to Friday. There is an annual education and training schedule being implemented. The education and training schedule lists compulsory training, which includes cultural awareness training. External training opportunities for care staff include training through Health New Zealand, and hospice. The service supports and encourages healthcare assistants (HCAs) to obtain a New Zealand Qualification Authority (NZQA) qualification. Twentyfive HCAs are employed. Twenty HCAs have achieved a level 3 NZQA qualification or higher. Nine HCAs work in the dementia unit, eight of whom have attained the required dementia unit standards, with one being in progress. The Goodwood Seadrome orientation programme ensure core competencies and compulsory knowledge/topics are addressed. All staff are required to complete competency assessments as part of their orientation. All HCAs are required to complete annual competencies for restraint, handwashing, correct use of personal protective equipment, cultural safety and moving and handling. A record of completion is maintained on an electronic register. Additional registered nurse specific competencies include syringe driver and interRAI assessment competency. Ten registered nurses are employed with five of them interRAI trained. All registered nurses are encouraged to also attend external training, webinars and zoom training where available. Subsection 2.4: Health care and support workers FΑ There are human resources policies in place, including recruitment, selection, orientation and staff training and development. Five staff files The people: People providing my support have knowledge, reviewed (two RNs, one HCA, one cook and one cleaner) evidenced skills, values, and attitudes that align with my needs. A implementation of the recruitment process, employment contracts, police diverse mix of people in adequate numbers meet my needs. checking and completed orientation. Te Tiriti: Service providers actively recruit and retain a Māori health workforce and invest in building and maintaining their There are job descriptions in place for all positions that includes outcomes, accountability, responsibilities, and functions to be achieved for each capacity and capability to deliver health care that meets the needs of Māori. position. As service providers: We have sufficient health care and A register of practising certificates is maintained for all health professionals support workers who are skilled and qualified to provide (eg, RNs, NPs, pharmacy, physiotherapy, and dietitian). All staff who have clinically and culturally safe, respectful, quality care and been employed for over one year have an annual appraisal completed. services.

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Subsection 3.2: My pathway to wellbeing The people: I work together with my service providers so they know what matters to me, and we can decide what best supports my wellbeing. Te Tiriti: Service providers work in partnership with Māori and whānau, and support their aspirations, mana motuhake, and whānau rangatiratanga. As service providers: We work in partnership with people and whānau to support wellbeing.	FA	Five resident files were reviewed: two hospital resident files including one funded by ACC; and three dementia level residents, including one LTS-CHC. The registered nurses (RNs) are responsible for all residents' assessments, care planning and evaluation of care. Care plans are based on data collected during the initial nursing assessments, which include dietary needs, pressure injury, falls risk, social history, and information from preentry assessments. All residents apart from the LTS-CHC, and ACC had an interRAI assessment (interRAI report sighted). The residents on LTS-CHC and ACC contracts had a full suite of assessments completed, which incorporate, skin integrity, pressure injury risk, dietary requirements, communication needs, emotional, psychological, and behavioural support needs.
		Initial assessments and long-term care plans were completed for residents, detailing needs, and preferences within 24 hours of admission. The individualised long-term care plans (LTCPs) are developed with information gathered during the initial assessments and the interRAI assessment. All LTCP and interRAI assessments sampled had been completed within three weeks of the residents' admission to the facility. Documented interventions and early warning signs meet the residents' assessed needs and are sufficiently detailed to provide guidance to care staff in the delivery of care. The activity assessments include a cultural assessment which gathers information about cultural needs, values, and beliefs. Information from these assessments is used to develop the resident's individual activity care plan, including 24- hour activity plans for dementia level residents.
		Short-term care plans are developed for acute problems, for example infections, wounds, and weight loss. Resident care is evaluated on each shift and reported at handover and in the progress notes. If any change is noted, it is reported to the RN. Long-term care plans are formally evaluated every six months in conjunction with the interRAI re-assessments and when there is a change in the resident's condition. Evaluations are documented by an RN and include the degree of achievement towards meeting desired goals and outcomes. Residents interviewed confirmed assessments are completed according to their needs and in the privacy of their bedrooms.
		There was evidence of family/whānau involvement in care planning and documented ongoing communication of health status updates.

Family/whānau interviews and resident records evidenced that family/whānau are informed where there is a change in health status. The service has policies and procedures in place to support all residents to access services and information. The service supports and advocates for residents with disabilities to access relevant disability services. The initial medical assessment is undertaken by the nurse practitioner (NP) within the required timeframe following admission. Residents have ongoing reviews by the NP within required timeframes and when their health status changes. The NP visits weekly and as required. The NP is also on-call for the facility out of hours. Medical documentation and records reviewed were current. The NP was unavailable for interview at the time of audit. A physiotherapist visits the facility weekly and on request to review residents referred by the registered nurses. There is access to a continence specialist as required. A podiatrist visits regularly and a dietitian, speech language therapist, hospice, wound care nurse specialist and medical specialists are available as required through Health New Zealand. An adequate supply of wound care products is available at the facility. A review of the wound care plans evidenced that wounds were assessed in a timely manner and reviewed at appropriate intervals. Photos were taken where this was required. Where wounds required additional specialist input, this was initiated, and a wound nurse specialist was consulted. At the time of the audit there were seven active wounds including two stage one, one stage two, and one stage 4 pressure injuries. The progress notes are recorded and maintained in the integrated clinical records. Monthly observations such as weight and blood pressure were completed and are up to date. Neurological observations are recorded following un-witnessed falls as per policy. A range of monitoring charts are available for the care staff to utilise. These include, (but are not limited to); monthly blood pressure and weight monitoring, bowel records and repositioning records. Staff interviews confirmed they are familiar with the needs of all residents in the facility and that they have access to the supplies and products they require to meet those needs. Staff receive handover at the beginning of their shift. Subsection 3.4: My medication FΑ There are policies available for safe medicine management that meet

The people: I receive my medication and blood products in a safe and timely manner. Te Tiriti: Service providers shall support and advocate for Māori to access appropriate medication and blood products. As service providers: We ensure people receive their medication and blood products in a safe and timely manner that complies with current legislative requirements and safe practice guidelines.		legislative requirements. All staff who administer medications have been assessed for competency on an annual basis. Education around safe medication administration has been provided as part of the competency process. Registered nurses have completed syringe driver training. Staff were observed to be safely administering medications. The registered nurses and medication competent HCAs interviewed could describe their role regarding medication administration. The service currently uses an electronic medication management system (Medimap), and blister packs. All medications are checked on delivery against the medication chart and any discrepancies are fed back to the supplying pharmacy.
		Medications were appropriately stored in the facility medication rooms. The medication fridge and medication room temperatures are monitored daily. All stored medications are checked weekly and have a six-monthly pharmacy check. Eyedrops are dated on opening.
		Ten electronic medication charts were reviewed. The medication charts reviewed identified that the NP had reviewed all resident medication charts three-monthly, and each drug chart has a photo identification and allergy status identified. Indications for use were noted for pro re nata (PRN) medications, including over-the-counter medications and supplements on the medication charts. The effectiveness of PRN medications was consistently documented in the electronic medication management system and progress notes. There was one resident self-administering medications, who had been appropriately assessed for competence, and had safe storage within their room. No vaccines are kept on site, and no standing orders are used. There was documented evidence in the clinical files that residents and relatives are updated around medication changes, including the reason for changing medications and side effects. When medication related incidents occurred, these were investigated and followed up on.
Subsection 3.5: Nutrition to support wellbeing	FA	Food preferences and cultural preferences are encompassed into the menu. The kitchen receives resident dietary forms and is notified of any dietary
The people: Service providers meet my nutritional needs and consider my food preferences. Te Tiriti: Menu development respects and supports cultural		changes for residents. Dislikes and special dietary requirements are accommodated, including food allergies. The chef interviewed reported they

beliefs, values, and protocols around food and access to traditional foods. As service providers: We ensure people's nutrition and hydration needs are met to promote and maintain their health and wellbeing.		accommodate residents' requests. There is a verified food control plan expiring 18 October 2025. The residents and family/whānau interviewed were complimentary regarding the standard of food provided.
Subsection 3.6: Transition, transfer, and discharge The people: I work together with my service provider so they know what matters to me, and we can decide what best supports my wellbeing when I leave the service. Te Tiriti: Service providers advocate for Māori to ensure they and whānau receive the necessary support during their transition, transfer, and discharge. As service providers: We ensure the people using our service experience consistency and continuity when leaving our services. We work alongside each person and whānau to provide and coordinate a supported transition of care or support.	FA	There were documented policies and procedures to ensure discharging or transferring residents have a documented transition, transfer, or discharge plan, which includes current needs and risk mitigation. Planned discharges or transfers were coordinated in collaboration with the resident (where appropriate), family/whānau and other service providers to ensure continuity of care.
Subsection 4.1: The facility The people: I feel the environment is designed in a way that is safe and is sensitive to my needs. I am able to enter, exit, and move around the environment freely and safely. Te Tiriti: The environment and setting are designed to be Māori-centred and culturally safe for Māori and whānau. As service providers: Our physical environment is safe, well maintained, tidy, and comfortable and accessible, and the people we deliver services to can move independently and freely throughout. The physical environment optimises people's sense of belonging, independence, interaction, and function.	FA	The buildings, plant, and equipment are fit for purpose at Goodwood Seadrome and comply with legislation relevant to the health and disability services being provided. The environment is inclusive of people's cultures and supports cultural practices. The dementia unit is secure. The current building warrant of fitness expires 3 September 2025. There is an annual maintenance plan that includes electrical testing and tagging, equipment checks, call bell checks, calibration of medical equipment and monthly testing of hot water temperatures.

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Subsection 4.2: Security of people and workforce The people: I trust that if there is an emergency, my service provider will ensure I am safe. Te Tiriti: Service providers provide quality information on emergency and security arrangements to Māori and whānau. As service providers: We deliver care and support in a planned and safe way, including during an emergency or unexpected event.	FA	The facility has an approved fire evacuation plan and fire drills have occurred six-monthly. The partial attainment identified at the previous audit related to HDSS.2021 #4.2.1 has been satisfied. There is a first aid trained member of staff on duty at all times, including the night shift. The partial attainment identified at the previous audit related to HDSS.2021 #4.2.4 has been satisfied.
Subsection 5.2: The infection prevention programme and implementation The people: I trust my provider is committed to implementing policies, systems, and processes to manage my risk of infection. Te Tiriti: The infection prevention programme is culturally safe. Communication about the programme is easy to access and navigate and messages are clear and relevant. As service providers: We develop and implement an infection prevention programme that is appropriate to the needs, size, and scope of our services.	FA	The infection control programme is appropriate for the size and complexity of the service. The infection prevention and control and AMS programmes are reviewed annually and is linked to the quality and business plan. Policies are available to staff. Goodwood Seadrome has an outbreak and pandemic response plan (incorporating Covid-19), which includes preparation and planning for the management of lockdowns, screening, transfers into the facility and positive tests. Staff demonstrated knowledge on the requirements of standard precautions. The infection coordinators (charge nurses in dementia and hospital areas) oversee infection control and the anti-microbial stewardship programme across Goodwood Seadrome and are responsible for coordinating/providing education and training to staff. The job description outlines the responsibility of these roles. The orientation package includes specific training around hand hygiene and standard precautions. Annual infection control training is included in the mandatory in-services that are held for all staff. Staff have completed infection control related education in the last 12 months. There is good external support from the nurse practitioner, and Health New Zealand infection control nurse specialist.
Subsection 5.4: Surveillance of health care-associated infection (HAI) The people: My health and progress are monitored as part	FA	Surveillance is an integral part of the infection control programme. The purpose and methodology are described in the infection control policy in use at the facility. The infection control coordinators use the information obtained

of the surveillance programme. through surveillance to determine infection control activities, resources, and Te Tiriti: Surveillance is culturally safe and monitored by education needs within the service. ethnicity. Monthly infection data is collected for all infections based on standard As service providers: We carry out surveillance of HAIs and definitions, signs symptoms and reporting criteria. Infection control data is multi-drug-resistant organisms in accordance with national entered into the infection register. The data is monitored and evaluated and regional surveillance programmes, agreed objectives, monthly and annually. Trends are identified and analysed, and corrective priorities, and methods specified in the infection prevention actions are established where trends are identified. There is benchmarking programme, and with an equity focus. of infection rates internally. Trends, benchmarking, along with actions and outcomes are discussed at the combined quality, health and safety, staff, and registered nurses' meetings. Meeting minutes and graphs are displayed for staff. The services incorporate resident ethnicity data into surveillance data. Internal infection control audits are completed with corrective actions for areas of improvement. The service receives email notifications and alerts from Health New Zealand and public health for any community concerns. There have been no outbreaks since the previous audit. Subsection 6.1: A process of restraint FΑ The facility is committed to providing services to residents without the use of restraint wherever possible. Restraint policy confirms that restraint The people: I trust the service provider is committed to consideration and application must be done in partnership with families/ improving policies, systems, and processes to ensure I am whānau, and the choice of device must be the least restrictive possible. The free from restrictions. restraint coordinator interviewed described the focus on restraint elimination. Te Tiriti: Service providers work in partnership with Māori to At all times when restraint is considered, the facility works in partnership with ensure services are mana enhancing and use least Māori, to promote and ensure services are mana enhancing. restrictive practices. As service providers: We demonstrate the rationale for the At the time of the audit, there were two residents utilising bedrails as a use of restraint in the context of aiming for elimination. restraint. The assessments, approvals, and monitoring complied with policy requirements. Restraint elimination is included as part of the mandatory training plan and orientation programme.

Specific results for criterion where corrective actions are required

Where a subsection is rated partially attained (PA) or unattained (UA) specific corrective actions are recorded under the relevant criteria for the subsection. The following table contains the criterion where corrective actions have been recorded.

Criterion can be linked to the relevant subsection by looking at the code. For example, Criterion 1.1.1 My service provider shall embed and enact Te Tiriti o Waitangi within all its work, recognising Māori, and supporting Māori in their aspirations, whatever they are (that is, recognising mana motuhake) relates to subsection 1.1: Pae ora healthy futures in Section 1 Our rights.

If there is a message "no data to display" instead of a table, then no corrective actions were required as a result of this audit.

No data to display

Specific results for criterion where a continuous improvement has been recorded

As well as whole subsections, individual criterion within a subsection can also be rated as having a continuous improvement. A continuous improvement means that the provider can demonstrate achievement beyond the level required for full attainment. The following table contains the criterion where the provider has been rated as having made corrective actions have been recorded.

As above, criterion can be linked to the relevant subsection by looking at the code. For example, Criterion 1.1.1 relates to subsection 1.1: Pae ora healthy futures in Section 1: Our rights.

If, instead of a table, these is a message "no data to display" then no continuous improvements were recorded as part of this audit.

No data to display

Date of Audit: 17 September 2024

End of the report.